89.	For which of these critical resource areas have priority allocation plans been developed in light of competing local demands? (Mark all that apply.)
	1. Manpower 2. Heavy equipment 3. Emergency transportation 4. Emergency fuel 5. Construction materials 6. Emergency food 7. Emergency water 8. Emergency medical and sanitation supplies 9. Emergency housing 10. Emergency clothing 11. Emergency finances
90.	In your judgment, which of these critical resources might need to be rationed for public use in the event of a specific shortage? (Mark all that apply.)
	1. Manpower 2. Heavy equipment 3. Emergency transportation 4. Emergency fuel 5. Construction materials 6. Emergency food 7. Emergency water 8. Emergency medical and sanitation supplies 9. Emergency housing 10. Emergency clothing 11. Emergency finances
91.	Does your jurisdiction have some sort of provision for obtaining resources <u>during</u> an emergency? 1. Yes Please give a brief description.
	2. No
92.	Was a major portion of your j isdiction s Evergency Operations Plan exercised or planented in the last year?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work

93.	communications links?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
94.	Does your jurisdiction have a protected communication link with an Emergency Broadcast System (EBS) station?
	1. Yes PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 95 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
95.	(If YES to question 94) Does your jurisdiction test this communication link on a regular basis?
	1. Does not test regularly 2. Daily 3. Weekly 4. Monthly 5. Yearly 6. Other (Please specify)
96.	In the past year, how often has your jurisdiction tested its alerting and warning equipment?
	1. Once a week 2. At least once a month 3. Every 2 or 3 months 4. Infrequently, there is no established procedure 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work
97.	Based on tests over the course of a year, which of the following statements best describes the warning equipment failure rate in your jurisdiction?
	1. 5 percent or less of equipment inventory 2. 6 to 10 percent of equipment inventory 3. 11 to 25 percent of equipment inventory 4. More than 25 percent of equipment inventory 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work

98.	How frequently does your jurisdiction test your emergency power generator?
	1. Daily 2. Weekly 3. Monthly 4. Not applicable (jurisdiction doesn't have one) 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work
99.	Has your jurisdiction planned for suitable locations to be used as registration and reception centers for shelter facilities?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
100.	Does your jurisdiction have current Shelter Survey information?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
101.	Is there an evaluation of exercises conducted in which problems are identified and possible improvements suggested?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
102.	Does your jurisdiction have an Emergency Operating Center (EOC) from which key officials can direct and control emergency response personnel?
	1. Yes PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 103 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
103.	(If YES to question 102) Is the EOC regularly used for any other functions?
	1. Yes PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 104 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work

104.	(If YES to question 103) For what other functions used?	is the	EOC
105.	Does your jurisdiction house or serve a state, al substate regional ("central") EOC? (Mark all tha	ternate, t apply.	, or .)
	1. State EOC 2. Alternate EOC 3. Substate regional EOC 4. Not applicable/relevant to my work 5. None		
106.	Please indicate which of the following items char the EOC or the facility that is currently being u direction and control in your jurisdiction.	acterize sed for	à
	[If this question is not applicable/relevant to y work, please check here]	our	
		Circle	One
106a.	Has at least 50 square feet of space per person to accommodate all officials and staff.	Yes	Ю
106b.	Has its own independent mechanical emergency generator with connected 14 day fuel supply.	Yes	No
106c.	Has its own independent heating, air conditioning, ventilation system.	Yes	No
106d.	Has its own independent water supply.	Yes	No
106e.	Has its own independent sanitary facilities.	Yes	No
106f.	Is stocked with or has access to food and medical supplies, operational supplies, and communication repair parts sufficient for 14 day	Yes 's.	No
106g.	Is located outside a flood lain.	Yes	No
106h.	Provides protection to equipment from power surge.	Yes	No
106i.	Provides electromagnetic pulse protection.	Yes	No

		Circle 0	ne
106j.	Is protected from unauthorized entry, vandalism, and theft during activation.	Yes	No
106k.	Is capable of receiving alerts and warnings released by State and Federal authorities on a 24-hour basis.	Yes	No
1061.	Is operated on a 24-hour basis.	Yes	No
106m.	Is capable of being activated on a 15-minute basis.	Yes	No
106n.	Is mobile (e.g., a trailer).	Yes	Мо
	What is the radiation protection factor (PF) of the direction and control facility in your jurisdiction in the control facility in your jurisdiction in the control facility in your jurisdiction is a second control facility in your jurisdiction is		
	1. Less than PF 40		
	2. PF 40 to PF 100 3. More than PF 100, but less than PF 1000		
	4. PF 1000 or more 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work 6. Don't Know		
	Do standard operating procedures exist for the EOG direction and control facility for the following a		s?
1	[If this question is not applicable/relevant to you work, please check here]	our	
		Circle O	ne
108a.	Identification of the responsibilities of the direction and control staff?	Yes	No
108b.	Outlining operations at less than planned staff levels?	Yes	No
108c.	Outlining communications procedures and protocols?	Yes	No
108d.	Prividing for augmenting direction and control staff with volunteers, if needed?	Yes	No

109.	Is the EOC or direction and control facility management an operational mode at all times?	intained i	in
	1. Yes 2. No PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 110 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work		
110.	(If NO to question 109) How long would it take to EOC or direction and control facility operations	to make th	ıe
	1. 0 to 30 minutes 2. Up to 2 hours 3. Longer		
111.	Do standard procedures exist for the following a for all significant hazards in your jurisdiction		į.
	[If this question is not applicable/relevant to work, please check here]	your	
		Circle	One
111a	. Receipt of any warning issued by an authoritative source?	Yes	No
111b	. Notification of direction and control staff to assemble?	Yes	No
111c	. Damage assessment?	Yes	No
111d	. Determination of a suitable response to an emergency situation?	Yes	No
112.	Does your jurisdiction have provisions to find of the condition of the families and property of em response personnel in the event of an emergency?	ergency	У
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work		
113.	On the average, approximately how long does it to notify all key government officials in your juri after receipt of a warning from a credible source.	sdiction	
	1. Up to 5 minutes 2. Close to 15 minutes 3. Close to 30 minutes 4. More than 30 minutes 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work		

114.	On the average, approximately how long does it to notify key emergency responders, including police	ake to e and fire	e?
	1. Up to 5 minutes 2. Close to 15 minutes 3. Close to 30 minutes 4. More than 30 minutes 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work		
115.	Who in your jurisdiction makes the decision to wa public when an emergency situation threatens?	arn the	
116.	During <u>waking</u> hours (i.e., 6:00 AM to 12:00 midniapproximately what percentage of your jurisdiction population can be alerted within 30 minutes using available means of communication?	on's	
	1. 85 percent or more 2. 70 to 84 percent 3. Less than 70 percent 4. Not applicable/relevant to my work		
117.	During <u>non-waking</u> hours (i.e., 12:00 midnight to approximately what percentage of your jurisdiction population can be alerted within 30 minutes using available means of communication?	ons's	r
	1. 85 percent or more 2. 70 to 84 percent 3. Less than 70 percent 4. Not applicable/relevant to my work		
	Have arrangements been made to provide an adequate personnel to manage the following facilities:	te number	of
	[If this question is not applicable/relevant to ywork, please check here]	your	
		Circle	One
118a.	Protective facilities? (e.g. fallout shelter)	Yes	No
118b.	Lodging facilities?	Yes	No
118c.	Health care facilities?	Yes	No

119.	Does your jurisdiction have plans for providing evacuation information to the public in time for them to take appropriate actions (e.g., the information will be disseminated over the radio, television, or by door-to-door contact at the time of warning)?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
120.	Have adequate plans been developed to insure the safety of those groups in your jurisdiction that are unable to evacuate on their own (for example, school children, patients in hospitals and nursing homes, and prisoners)?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
121.	Does your jurisdiction have some provision for <u>identifying</u> households that consist of or include persons who are blind, deaf, or otherwise handicapped?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
	Does it have plans for evacuating households that consist of or include blind, deaf, or otherwise handicapped individuals?
	1. Yes PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 123 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
	(If YES to question 122) Has your jurisdiction used this plan in the last 5 years?
	1. Yes PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 124 2. No
	(If YES to questions 122 and 123) How effective was the plan when it was implemented?
-	1. Very effective 2. Effective 3. Neither effective/nor ineffective 4. Ineffective 5. Very ineffective

125.	Have plans been developed to provide for the evacuated area in your jurisdiction?	security	of an
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work		
126.	How frequently is your jurisdiction's evacuate exercised?	ion capa	bility
	1. Annually 2. Every 2 years 3. Every 3 years 4. Has not been exercised in the past 3 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work	years	
127.	Are emergency services personnel in your juri adequately trained to respond to hazardous/to (non-radiological) incidents?		
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable, trained response per available at the State or from other private sources 4. Not applicable/relevant to my work	sonnel a public	are or
128.	Do response personnel (local, State, or other access to the following in the event of a haz materials incident:		
	[If this question is not applicable/relevant work, please check here]	to your	
		Circle	One
	128a. Equipment?	Yes	No
	128b. Protective clothing?	Yes	No
	128c. Technical information about the hazardous material?	Yes	Ио

129.	Does a capability exist for detecting and ass exposure of individuals to the following:	essing	the degree	of
	[If this question is not applicable/relevant please check here]	to your	work,	
		Circle	One	
	129a. Hazardous/toxic materials?	Yes	No	
	129b. Radioactive materials?	Yes	No	
130.	Within your jurisdiction or neighboring areas available for individuals exposed to the following the state of	, is troowing:	eatment	
	[If this question is not applicable/relevant work, please check here]	to your		
		Circle	One	
	130a. Hazardous/toxic materials?	Yes	No	
	130b. Radioactive materials?	Yes	No	
131.	Has your jurisdiction begun to incorporate the of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Act (SARA) into your Emergency Response Plan?	Reauthor		
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work			
132.	How many trained and assigned radiological of your jurisdiction have?	ficers (does	
	1. 0 2. 1 3. 2 to 4 4. 5 or more 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work			

133.	Is th	is number of radiological officers suff	icient	: for:
	[If the work,	his question is not applicable/relevant please check here.	to yo	our
			Circ	le One
	133a.	Peacetime needs?	Yes	No.
	133b.	War-related needs?	Yes	, No
134.	How wo	ould you rate your jurisdiction's <u>peace</u> t logical protection capability based on t rs:	<u>time</u> the fo	llowing
	134a.	Operating procedures developed?		
		1. Adequate 2. Inadequate 3. Not applicable/relevant to my	work	
	134b.	Reporting procedures developed?		
		1. Adequate 2. Inadequate 3. Not applicable/relevant to my	work	
	134c.	EOC analysis staff trained and assigned	đ?	
		1. Adequate 2. Inadequate 3. Not applicable/relevant to my	work	
135.		ould you rate your jurisdiction's war-relogical protection capability based on res?		
	135a.	Availability of radiological equipment	?	
		1. Adequate 2. Inadequate 3. Not applicable/relevant to my	work	
	135b.	Availability of trained radiological m	onito	cs?
		1. Adequate 2. Inadequate 3. Not applicable/relevant to my	work	

	135c.	Operating procedures developed?
		1. Adequate 2. Inadequate 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
	135d.	Reporting procedures developed?
		1. Adequate 2. Inadequate 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
136.	locati	our jurisdiction established monitoring and reporting ons with a protection factor of PF 40 or better for the event of a war-related radiological emergency?
		 Adequate to meet needs Some established, but capability is inadequate None established Not applicable/relevant to my work
137.	fallou local	you approve of a proposal to develop a network of t-protected control centers (EOCs) from which key officials would direct emergency operations and would e survival information to be broadcast to the public?
		1. Strongly approve 2. Approve 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Disapprove 5. Strongly disapprove
138.	follow threat concern what a	indicate if you would approve or disapprove of the ing program. During periods when no emergency is ening, information will be provided to the public ning attack and peacetime disasters so that they know ctions to take to improve their chances of survival. you approve or disapprove of the this program?
		1. Strongly approve 2. Approve 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Disapprove 5. Strongly disapprove

139.	Within the last three years, has your jurisdiction conducted a nuclear attack exercise?
	1. Yes 2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
140.	Within the last three years, has your jurisdiction conducted an exercise pertaining to other hazards?
	1. Yes - PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 141 2. No
	2. No 3. Not applicable/relevant to my work
141.	(If YES to question 140) For which hazards were exercises conducted? (Mark all that apply.)
	1. Nuclear power plant accident2. Hazardous materials incident
	2. Hazardous materials incident 3. Mass casualty accident (e.g., plane or train accident)
	4. Other (Please specify)
142.	In case of nuclear war, do you think that the danger of your area being a target is high, medium, low, or none at all?
	1. High danger
	1. High danger 2. Medium danger 3. Low danger SKIP TO 144 4. No danger at all SKIP TO 144
143.	(If HIGH or MEDIUM to question 142) What in your area makes it a target? (Mark all that apply.)
	1. Metropolitan area 2. Military facility 3. Industry 4. Nuclear power plant 5. Transportation center 6. Arsenal 7. Political center

144.	Does your jurisdiction's war-related populate planning address any of the following actions	ion prote s:	ction
	[If this question is not applicable/relevant work, please check here]		
		Circle O	ne
	144a. Shelter stays up to 14 days?	Yes	No
	144b. Overloading existing shelters?	Yes	No
	144c. Using substandard shelters? (e.g., less than PF 40)	Yes	No
	144d. Using upgradeable shelters?	Yes	No
	144e. Using expedient shelters?	Yes	No
145.	In your judgment, do you think that plans to peacetime hazards would be helpful in coping attack?		
	1. Definitely yes 2. Probably yes 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Probably no 5. Definitely no		
146.	How likely do you think it is that we're in f War one where nuclear weapons would be use		World
	1. Very likely 2. Likely 3. 50-50 chance 4. Unlikely 5. Very unlikely 6. Never will happen 7. Unsure/don't know		
147.	In your judgment, how much warning time would nuclear war were to occur?	there be	e if a
	1. None 2. Minutes 3. Hours 4. About a day 5. Two to three days 6. Four days to a week 7. A week or more 8. Unsure/don't know		

148. How good would the chances be that people in your area would survive if...

		No Chance of Survival		(C)	rcle One)		Very Good Chance	Don't Know
148a	a nuclear war started next week?	0	1	2	3	4	5	8
148b	they were in blast shelters?	٥	1	2	3	4	5	8
148c.	they were evacuated to areas considered to be much less likely targets of a direct attack?	0	1	2	3	4	5	8
148d.	they didn't evacuate, but were in fallout shelters?	0	1	2	3	4	5	8
148e	they were relocated to another location where sheltering against fallout would be provided, in the event of a nuclear war?	C	1	2	3	4	5	8

149.	If there were a major international crisis and it seemed
	likely that it might lead into a nuclear war, what
	percentage of people from your area do you think would
	evacuate on their own, that is, spontaneously?

	1.	0%	_	10%	
	2.	11%	_	20%	
	3.	21%	_	30%	
	4.	31%	-	40%	
	5.	41%	_	50%	
	6.	51%	_	60%	
	7.	61%	_	70%	
	8.	71%	or	more	
				/don't	know

150. Do you favor the development of plans to evacuate high risk areas in the event of a crisis in which war seems very likely?

 1.	Definitely yes
 2.	Probably yes
 3.	Unsure/don't know
	Probably no
	Definitely no

151.	Do you think that there could be a situation in which the President would urge or suggest that people evacuate the high risk areas of the country?
	1. Definitely yes 2. Probably yes 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Probably no 5. Definitely no
152.	If the President <u>would</u> urge people to evacuate high risk areas of the country, what percentage of people do you think would comply with the request?
	1. Not more than 25% 2. Between 25% and 50% 3. Between 50% and 75% 4. More than 75%, but not all 5. 100% 9. Unsure/don't know
153.	If in the midst of an international crisis, members of the public would get in touch with you, would you encourage them to evacuate on their own (that is, spontaneously), discourage spontaneous evacuation, or make it clear that it is entirely up to them?
	1. Encourage spontaneous evacuation 2. Discourage spontaneous evacuation 3. Neither encourage nor discourage spontaneous evacuation 4. Unsure/don't know
154.	Do you believe that it should be a national policy to encourage, discourage, or neither encourage nor discourage spontaneous evacuation?
	1. Encourage spontaneous evacuation 2. Discourage spontaneous evacuation 3. Neither encourage nor discourage spontaneous evacuation 4. Unsure/don't know

155.	If the people in your area were to evacuate and go somewhere else because of the danger that nuclear war might start, would there be enough time for them to do so?
	1. Definitely yes 2. Probably yes 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Probably no 5. Definitely no
156.	Thinking about your area and the number of people who live there, approximately how long would it take to evacuate everybody?
	1. Less than one hour 2. Between 1 and 2 hours 3. Between 2 and 4 hours 4. Between 4 and 8 hours 5. Between 8 and 24 hours 6. Between 24 and 48 hours 7. Between 48 and 72 hours 8. More than 3 days 9. Unsure/don't know
157.	Suppose your area became a host area for evacuees. Would you say that the people in your area would be helpful in such a situation?
	1. Definitely yes 2. Probably yes 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Probably no 5. Definitely no
158.	If your community were to receive evacuees, would most people be willing to have evacuees stay in their homes?
	1. Definitely yes 2. Probably yes 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Probably no 5. Definitely no

159.	159. If necessary, do you think the local government shoul an appeal to have area residents temporarily house ev					
	1. Definitely yes 2. Probably yes 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Probably no 5. Definitely no	ı				
	In your judgment, do you t nuclear attack would be he hazards?					
	1. Definitely yes 2. Probably yes 3. Unsure/don't know 4. Probably no 5. Definitely no					
(Using the following codes, disagree with the following preparedness for nuclear a	g state	ements c	concernia	ou agre	e or
		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Unsure/ Don't know	Agree	Strongly Agree
161a	. There is no need for attack preparedness because nuclear war will not come.	1	2	3	4	5
161b	Given our strategic might, no enemy would dare to attack, so there is no need for attack preparedness.	1	2	3	4	5
161c	No attack preparedness program makes sense because it would not be able to help save enough people.	1	2	3	4	5
161d.	Even after a nuclear war, the survivors could rebuild America and make the best of it under the circumstances	1	2	3	4	5
161e.	Police and fire services in evacuated areas would have to be increased to prevent looting, arson, and other problems.	1	2	3	4	5
161f.	Even if people were to survive a nuclear attack, life would not be worth living.	1	2	3	4	5
161g.	Attack preparedness programs in general increase anxiety and fear on the part of	1	2	3	4	5

our people.

		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Ursure/ Don't know	Agr ee	Strongly Agree
161h	Attack preparedness programs make our people more complacent about nuclear war and might lead to a "false sense of security" making nuclear war more acceptable	1	2	3	4	5
1611	Attack preparedness efforts increase the chances of nuclear war because they signal to the Soviets that we are preparing to start a war.	ī	2	3	4	5
161 _J	Attack preparedness makes further agreements on arms control more difficult	1	2	3	4	5
161k.	By showing that we are prepared for anything that could happen, attack preparedness contributes to deterrence and makes nuclear war less likely.	9	2	3	4	5
1611.	Attack preparedness programs could save many lives should nuclear war ever happen.	1	2	3	4	5
161m.	An agreement between the United States and the Soviets to stop the production of more nuclear weapons would make civil defense measures to protect our people against nuclear war less needed.	1	2	3	4	5
161n	If we can have active defense weapons in space that can shoot down some number of enemy missiles before they can reach their targets, there would be less need for civil defense measures that protect our people against nuclear attack.	1	2	3	4	5
1610.	Anti-missile defense around key cities and military installations makes civil defense measures to protect our people against a nuclear attack less needed	1	2	3	4	5
161p	Civil defense measures to protect our peoplagainst a nuclear attack will be more neede if we don't deploy anti-missile missiles.		2	3	4	5

162.	If a nuclear war should occur, do you think that it would start from an "out-of-the-blue" attack, or erupt only after some period of extreme international tensions?
	1. Would start from an "out-of-the-blue" attack 2. Would start only after some period of extreme tension 3. Could happen either way 4. A nuclear war will never happen 5. Unsure/don't know
163.	How many paid <u>full-time</u> personnel are there in your jurisdiction's emergency management organization? Exclude emergency service personnel (e.g., fire, police) and 911 or emergency service dispatch personnel.
	1. 0 2. 1 3. 2 to 4 4. 5 or more 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work
164.	How many paid <u>part-time</u> personnel are there in your jurisdiction's emergency management organization? Exclude emergency service personnel (e.g., fire, police) and 911 or emergency service dispatch personnel.
	1. 0 2. 1 3. 2 to 4 4. 5 or more 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work
165.	How many unpaid <u>volunteers</u> are there in your jurisdiction's emergency management organization?
	1. 0 2. 1 3. 2 to 4 4. 5 or more 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work
166.	During the next fiscal year, what is the total estimated number of hours to be expended on routine emergency management activities (e.g., administrative work, planning, training, exercising) by volunteers? Exclude emergency service personnel and 911 or emergency service dispatchers.
	1. 0 to 50 hours 2. 51 to 200 hours 3. 201 to 400 hours 4. 401 hours or more 5. Not applicable/relevant to my work

and e	past experience of volunteer participation in disaster mergency situations in your jurisdiction, how much help itizen volunteers?
	 No help at all Some help A great deal of help Not applicable haven't used volunteers Not applicable/relevant to my work
168. How m times	uch help are volunteers in routine jobs during normal between disasters?
	 No help at all Some help A great deal of help Not applicable haven't used volunteers Not applicable/relevant to my work
than t	sometimes said that volunteers cause more problems their efforts are worth. Do you agree or disagree with assertion?
*	 Strongly agree Agree Unsure Disagree Strongly disagree
170. How ha	ave volunteers been used in your jurisdiction in the (Mark all that apply.)
	 Sand-bagging Communications Search and rescue Administrative tasks Clerical tasks Other (Please specify)
	7. Not applicable/relevant to my work

171. For each of the following questionson volunteering, please circle one:

	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	No Opinion	Agree	Strongly Agree	Not Applicable/ Relevant to my work
171a. Trained volunteers may be useful, but not untrained citizens.	1	2	3	4	5	6
171b. Liability problems of using volunteers are great.	1	2	3	4	5	6
171c. Our jurisdiction can't spare staff supervise volunteers in a disaster		2	3	4	5	6

172.	Are	any	of	the	following	used	in	your	jurisd	ictio	n?
------	-----	-----	----	-----	-----------	------	----	------	--------	-------	----

[If this question is not applicable/relevant to your work, please check here. _____] (Circle One)

172a.	Trained	volunteers	(auxiliary,	SAR,	Yes	No
	cadets,	etc.)				

172b. Volunteer coordinator on staff Yes No

172c. Retired personnel on call for emergencies Yes No

172d. List of potential volunteers on file Yes No

172e. Plan to have private agency like Red Yes No Cross handle volunteers

172f. Individual Mobilization Augmentees (IMAs) Yes No

- 173. Do any of the following non-governmental groups have a formally defined role in emergency management in your jurisdiction? (Mark all that apply.)
 - 1. Red Cross Chapter
 - 2. Local Search and Rescue Association or Club

 - 4. Local Volunteer Bureau
 - 5. Citizen Band Radio Amateurs

 - 6. RACES
 7. Traveler's Aid Chapter or Committee
 8. Chamber of Commerce
 9. Not applicable/relevant to my work

174.	in emer	of the departments listed below regularly participate gency management exercises, critiques, or other gency activities in your jurisdiction? (Mark all that
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 12 13	 Fire Service Parks and Recreation Finance or General Administration Fleet/General Services Law Enforcement Emergency Medical Human Resources/Personnel City Manager/Chief Administrative Officer or Mayor's Office Public Works/Streets & Roads Public Health City Attorney's Office Planning/Housing & Community Development Water/Sanitation Authority Not applicable/relevant to my work
175.		you think is the best approach to funding emergency ent activities? (Check one)
	1.	The current approach is best, with local governments providing the first half of the cost of preparations that are useful in both peacetime and attack, and the federal government paying 100% for preparations mainly needed for an attack.
	2.	It would be best to ask local governments to share the cost for all items, including radiation detection instruments and other things needed primarily for attack purposes and with only minor benefit for peacetime disasters.
	3.	It would be best for the federal government to provide 100% funding to state and local governments for all elements of attack preparedness.
	4.	It would be best for the federal government to provide 100% funding to state and local governments for all emergency and disaster programs PLEASE ANSWER QUESTION 176
	8.	Unsure/don't know

1/6.	unable to provide 100% of the funding, which of the other two approaches do you think is better?
	1. Approach number 1 2. Approach number 2 3. Approach number 3 8. Unsure/don't know
177.	Do you see any problems with the criteria used in recommending that the President declare a situation to be a disaster or emergency?
	1. Yes 2. No PLEASE CONTINUE WITH QUESTION 178
178.	(If YES to question 177) What criteria do you think should be used, or what changes should be made?
179.	Do you see any problems with the procedures or criteria used in the Governors' requests that the President declare a situation a disaster or emergency?
	1. Yes 2. No PLEASE CONTINUE WITH QUESTION 181
180.	(If YES to question 179) What criteria do you think should be used, or what changes should be made?

181.	During periods when no emergency is threatening, is there any information that you need to have or would like to have that is currently not read ly available to you; that is, information that would enhance preparedness planning and programs?
	1. Yes 2. No PLEASE CONTINUE WITH QUESTION 183
182.	(If YES to question 181) What kind of information?
183.	Is there any information that you now do not have that would make your programs more effective during an emergency?
	1. Yes 2. No PLEASE CONTINUE WITH QUESTION 185
184.	(If YES to question 183) What kind of information?
185.	Is there any information that you now do not have that you need or would like to have regarding the immediate aftermath of a disaster, that is, in the rescue and clean-up period?
	1. Yes 2. No PLEASE CONTINUE WITH THE NEXT PAGE
186.	(If YES to question 185) What kind of information?

The following set of questions provides demographic information that is extremely important in our aggregate analysis. Keep in mind that your cooperation is strictly voluntary and your confidentiality is assured.

What	is your	position?
	2	Civil Defense/Emergency Management Director Fire Chief Delice Chief Emergency Medical Services Director Director of Public Works Director of Water/Sanitation Authority Other (Please specify)
What	is your	level of jurisdiction?
	1	Borough/Township City County Other (Please specify)
	2	. City
		. County
	4	. Other (Please specify)
How	long hav	re you held this position?
	_	One year or less Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 4 years Between 4 and 6 years Between 6 and 10 years More than 10 years
		Dotwoon 1 and 2 years
		Potucen 2 and 4 years
		Potucon A and 6 years
		Rotween 6 and 10 years
		More than 10 years
		. More than 10 years
Is t	his a sa	laried position?
	1	. Yes
	1	. No
		6.3.5.43
Pleas	se indic	ate your year of birth.

Which of the following best describes your educational background? (Choose one.)
1. High school graduate 2. High school graduate, plus some technical/informal training 3. Some college 4. College graduate 5. Graduate school
Did you ever serve in the armed forces?
1. Yes 2. No
When did you serve? (Mark all that apply)
1. During World War II 2. Between World War II and the Korean War 3. During the Korean War 4. Between the Korean War and Viet Nam 5. During Viet Nam 6. After Viet Nam
Were you ever in combat?
1. Yes 2. No

Thank you very much for taking the time to answer these questions. Your cooperation is greatly appreciated.