## EARLY WARNING SYSTEM SURVEY

COUNTRY:

## **ST LUCIA**

Please complete one form for each Hazard

## I INFORMATION ON THE HAZARD

1. The Hazard HURRICANE

2. Summary of events triggered by the hazard

WIND DAMAGE, STORM SURGES, FLOODING OF FLAT AREAS

3. Historical events of significance.

4. Description of the region and the population under hazard and of the existing vulnerabilities

b. Degree of exposure of population to hazards (High/Medium/Low) HIGH

a. Number of communities affected by the hazards (Approximate #) 70

c. Number of persons exposed (#) 150,000

c. Percentage of people exposed to hazard, etc).(%) 90%

Is there adequate public awareness about the hazard? (Y/N) YES
Attitude towards freedom of hazard information: (Very good/Good/Poor/None) GOOD

II TECHNICAL ASPECTS OF THE EARLY WARNING SYSTEM

1. Type of system employed to monitor the hazard:

SATELLITE (INTERNET) MONITORING, RAIN GAUGES, WIND VANES,

HUMAN REPORTING, CABLE CHANNELS, MIXTURE

2. Year in which system became operational. 1989 - 2003 (GRADUAL DEVELOPMENT)

3. Time employed for the design and implementation of the system. 14 YRS

4. Geographic coverage of EWS. ENTIRE ISLAND

5. Arrangements made for remote areas? (Y/N) YES

6. Routine operation of the EWS:

a. Members of the community; (Position)

b. Personnel from:

1) National; (Position) NEMO, MEDIA

2) Regional; **(Position**)

3) Local government agency; (Position) CENTRALIZED AT NATIONAL LEVEL

4) Research center; (Name) NONE

5) Consulting firm; (Y/N) NO

6) NGO; (Name) RED CROSS

7) Other (Name)

8) Mixed; **(Y/N) YES** 

7. Type of instrumentation used

a. to monitor the hazard; SATELLITE TVRO, RAIN GAUGES, WIND VANES,

COMPUTERS-INTERNET, 2 WAY RADIOS,

b. to process information gathered; **COMPUTERS** 

c. to transfer it. BROADCAST RADIO AND TV, BULL HORNS, HF/VHF/UHF RADIO,

TELEPHONES, CELL PHONES, CABLE TV

8. Mechanisms used to forecast the events:

a. Procedures? (Y/N) YES Page 1 of 4 b. Are procedures documented in a national plan? (Y/N) YES c. Are procedures backed by legal authority? (Y/N) YES

	d. Who carries out this task?
	1) Members of the community? (Y/N) NO
	<ol><li>Personnel from technical institutions? (Y/N) YES - MET OFFICE</li></ol>
	3) Other (Name) CMO
	4) Automatic? (Y/N) NO
	5) Mixed? (Y/N) YES
	6) Other (Name)
9. Is wai	rning adequately published in public broadcast media? (Y/N) YES
10. Are fo	precast and media agencies fully integrated? (Y/N) YES
11. Is the	re redundancy and backup for the EW system? (Y/N) NO
12. Is life	line equipment (eg standby power) adequate? (Y/N) NO
13. Is the	re adequate provision for maintenance of the EWS? (Y/N) NO
14. Techr	nical support used for the Design, Implementation, Development of the EWS:
	a. International (Name) CDERA, CMO, UWI
	b. National (Name) NEM, REGIONAL CONSULTANTS
	c. Technical (Name) HAM OPERATORS
	d. Scientific (Name) UWI
	e. Academic (Name) UWI
	f. Consulting firm (Name)
	g. Civil defense agency (Name) NEMO
	h. NGO (Name) RED CROSS
	i. Other (Name) NEWS MEDIA (CABLE OPERATORS, TV, RADIO)
III INS	STITUTIONAL AND FINANCIAL ASPECTS OF THE EWS.
	e a legal framework for the EWS? (Y/N) YES
2. Institut	tion(s) in charge of design and implementation (Name) <b>NEMO</b>
2 Institut	tion (s) which participate routinely in monitoring the hazard (Name) MET OFFICE, NEMO
s. institu	tion (s) which participate routinely in monitoring the nazard (Name) MET OFFICE, NEMO
1 la tham	a deguate public encropees of the EWC2 (V(A)) VEC
	e adequate public awareness of the EWS? (Y/N) YES e parity between forecasting and warning? (Y/N) YES
	e provision for nightime warning and response? (Y/N) YES
	f resources required for the implementation, routine operation, and maintenance of the EWS:
7. Type o	resources required for the implementation, routine operation, and maintenance of the EWS.
	a. Technical personnel METEOROLOGISTS, HYDROLOGISTS,
	COMPUTER OPERATORS AND TECHNICIANS,
	RADIO ENGINEERS AND OPERATORS, MEDIA PERSONNEL b. Equipment: COMPUTERS, RADIOS, CELL PHONES, SATELLITE PHONES, SIRENS,
	BULL HORNS, WEATHER RADAR, FIXED FREQUENCY RECEIVERS, MONITORING EQUIPMENT,
	GIS SYSTEMS, SMS READY CELL SYSTEMS, INTERNET ACCESS, TOTAL MEDIA
	(RADIO & TV) COVERAGE,
	c. Logistical support (transportation for example) 4WD PICKUPS WITH MAINTENANCE
	PACKAGES
	d. Monetary resources ADEQUATE GOVERNMENT REVENUES,
	d. Monetary resources ADEQUATE GOVERNMENT REVENUES,
	e. Other (Name) COMMUNITY PERSONNEL FOR A VARIETY OF MANUAL OPERATIONS
8. Origin	of resources required to implement, operate, and provide maintenance to the EWS:
	a. Community (Y/N) NO
	b. National (Name) GOVERNMENT MINISTRY
	c. Regional (Name) CDERA, CDB, UWI
	d. Local institutions (Name) GOVERNMENT MINISTRY
	e. International agencies (Name) UNDP, OCHA, ECHO, DFID, USAID, CIDA,
	f. Donors (Name)
	g. NGOs (Name) RED CROSS
	h. Mixed (Y/N) YES

IV MECHANISMS TO ISSUE A WARNING AND AN ALERT		
1. Who is warned or alerted by those who monitor the hazard?		
	community (Y/N) YES	
	ocal (Name) FIRST RESPONDERS AND COMMUNITIES	
	egional (Name) CDERA	
	ational Government (Name) PRIME MINISTER, MINISTRIES, RESPONSE AGENCIES	
2. Which mea	ns are employed to warn the people and the various agencies or institutions?	
	EPHONE, CELL PHONE FAX, EMAIL, PUBLIC MEDIA, CABLE TV	
	harge of declaring the state of alert:	
	he Community (Y/N) NO	
	echnical personnel who monitor the hazard (Y/N) NO	
	ocal (Name)	
	legional (Name)	
	ational level government (Name) NATIONAL DISASTER COORDINATOR ational civil protection agency (Y/N) NONE	
	blic alert employed:	
	en / Bells / Public Radio / TV / Flags / Whistles / Megaphones / Email /	
	/ Cell Phone / Community Members Cascade / Multiple options	
	harge of operating the alert mechanisms/equipment and orders the activation of alerts?	
NAT	TIONAL DISASTER COORDINATOR	
6. Official poli	icies, norms, and procedures in place to issue warnings and alerts (if any)	
YES	S - NATIONAL DISASTER PLAN	
	rnment participation: CENTRALIZED	
	ent of the alert message adequate? (Y/N) YES	
	ification that the information is correct and acted on? (Y/N) YES	
	ype of municipal organization (Name Type)	
b. R	esources provided. AS SPECIFIED ABOVE	
	ty participation:	
	ype of organization (Name Type) COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, NGO'S, CHURCHES, ETC	
	articipants (Name Organizations) RED CROSS, ST JOHNS AMBULANCE, ETC	
	elation with the local government. (Very good/Good/Poor/None) GOOD	
11. Special ar	rangements for social groups with limited resources and special needs? (Y/N) YES	
V ANAL	YSIS OF EWS	
1. Comments	regarding successful and unsuccessful results during the operation of the EWS.	
	ADEQUATE PUBLIC AWARENESS HAS LED TO MINIMAL LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY	
	DAMAGE.	
2. Strengths a	ind weaknesses of the EWS.	
	STRENGTHS: CENTRALIZED SYSTEM ALLOWS QUICK, EASY AND CONTROLLED WARNING	
	DISSEMINATION, VARIETY OF WARNING METHODS ALLOWS REDUNDANCY	
	WEAKNESSES: INADEQUATE RESOURCES, COMMITTMENTS AND EQUIPMENT	
	MAINTENANCE	
2   000000	arned, benefits of the EWS.	
	-	
	ALL SINGLE ISLAND STATES ARE BETTER OFF WITH A CENTRALIZED SYSTEM AS IT MAKES	
BE	ST USE OF SCARCE RESOURCES, EARLY WARNING WILL SAVE LIVES AND PROPERTY BUT	
	IT WILL NOT ASSIST THE LONGER TERM RESPONSE AND RECOVERY EFFORT WITHOUT ADEQUATE RESOURCES	
4. Added va	Ilue gathered from the EWS (benefits not initially conceived during the planning stages, which emerged during standard operation off the system).	

	IMPROVED INTEGRATION OF GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND SERVICES
<b>ANNEX:</b>	MAP OF THE REGION WHERE EWS IS OPERATED.