

TABLE 16
Number of victims by country

Year Conflict Started		Victims Before 1990	Victims by Year When Available			Total
			1992	1993	1994	
AFRICA		1,300,000-1,600,000	>122,000	>190,000	>330,000-630,000	3,000,000-3,500,000
Algeria	1992	—	600-2,000	2,000-3,000	2,500	8,000 (06.94)
Angola	1979	>250,000	>10,000	>20,000	100,000	500,000
Burundi	1963/1993 ⁽¹⁾	—	—	>100,000	>1,000	200,000-250,000
Chad	1965 ⁽²⁾	28,000	300-600	—	—	>35,000
Ethiopia	1961	100,000 ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	>100,000
Liberia	1989	n.a.	4,000-5,000	20,000-50,000	20,000	100,000 (01.94)
Mozambique	1976	600,000-900,000	100,000 ⁽⁴⁾	—	—	1,000,000
Rwanda	1959/91	n.a.	—	1,000-3,500	200,000-500,000	>500,000
Somalia	1991	—	3,000-4,000	>6,000 ⁽⁵⁾	n.a.	>10,000 (01.94)
South Africa	1984	4,750	3,500	3,000-4,500	>3,000	20,000
Sudan	1983	250,000	n.a.	>6,000	n.a.	500,000-1,000,000
Uganda	1981	100,000-110,000	—	—	—	>110,000
Western Sahara	1975	15,000	500	—	—	>15,000
AMERICA		>140,000	7,600	4,700-5,200	n.a.	170,000-185,000
Colombia	1965	7,500 ⁽⁶⁾	3,500 ⁽⁷⁾	1,500 ⁽⁷⁾	>200	30,000 (01.94)
El Salvador	1979	70,000	—	—	—	>70,000 ⁽⁸⁾
Guatemala	1968	45,000	1,000	>2,000	n.a.	>50,000 ⁽⁹⁾
Mexico	1994	—	—	—	200-400	200-400
Peru	1980	15,000-25,000	3,100	1,200-1,700	n.a.	20,000-35,000
ASIA		1,200,000-1,250,000	20,000-35,000	>20,000	n.a.	1,380,000-1,450,000
Afghanistan ⁽¹⁰⁾	1979	1,000,000 ⁽¹¹⁾	>6,000	>5,000	4,500	>1,000,000
Bangladesh	1975	1,000-2,000	n.a.	<100	<25	>3,500
Cambodia	1979	25,000-50,000	<200	n.a.	>2,000	30,000-50,000
India		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
(Kashmir)	1947	11,500	2,000	2,600	1,500	<20,000
(Punjab)	1981	20,000	3,500	>500	n.a.	>25,000
Indonesia	1975	15,000 ⁽¹²⁾	<100	<50	n.a.	>15,000
Laos	1975	40,000 ⁽¹³⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	>40,000
Myanmar	1948	14,000-22,000	<2,000	n.a.	n.a.	130,000 (01.94)
Philippines	1986	<25,000	n.a.	>500	>500	<26,000
Sri Lanka	1983	60,000-80,000 ⁽¹⁴⁾	4,000 ⁽¹⁵⁾	>1,000	>1,000	78,000-100,000
Tajikistan	1992	—	4,000-30,000	>10,000	n.a.	20,000-50,000 (01.94)
EUROPE		2,700	>23,800	14,200-39,600	n.a.	51,500-121,500
Azerbaijan-Armenia	1992	—	1,200	2,000-7,000	n.a.	>3,500
Bosnia-Herzegovina	1991	—	>10,000	10,000-30,000 ⁽¹⁶⁾	n.a.	30,000-60,000
Croatia	1990	—	>10,000 ⁽¹⁷⁾	100-500	n.a.	10,000-50,000
Georgia	1992	—	2,500	2,000	n.a.	>5,000
United Kingdom	1969	2,700	<100	86	<50	3,000
NEAR & MIDDLE EAST		172,000	<850	>6,200	n.a.	>195,000
Iran	1979	17,000	<100	50-200	n.a.	>17,000
Iraq	1980	5,000-6,000	300-500	2,000 ⁽¹⁸⁾	n.a.	>20,000 ⁽¹⁹⁾
Lebanon	1975	131,000	—	—	100	>130,000
Turkey	1974/1984	6,200	2,000	>4,000	>2,000	12,900
Yemen	1962/1994	—	—	—	>2,000	>2,000
WORLD TOTAL		>2,800,000	>175,000	>285,000	n.a.	>4,700,000

(1) When two different years are listed, the first represents the beginning of the conflict and the second an escalation or sudden resumption of hostilities.

(2) Various conflicts.

(3) 1,500,000 according to PIGOM.

(4) For the 1990 to 1992 period.

(5) 350,000 for 1992/93 according to PIGOM.

(6) Since 1980.

(7) Only military victims.

(8) More than 40,000 civilians.

(9) At least 45,000 civilians.

(10) Figures include conflicts involving the USSR and Mujahideen.

(11) Direct and indirect deaths.

(12) Only military victims.

(13) Including 30,000 civilians.

(14) Including conflict between government and JVP (Janata Vimukhti Peramuna - Sinhalese Front).

(15) Only military victims.

(16) 200,000 for 1992/93 according to PIGOM.

(17) For the 1991/92 period.

(18) Only the conflict involving Shi'ites.

(19) 200,000 for 1992/93 according to PIGOM.

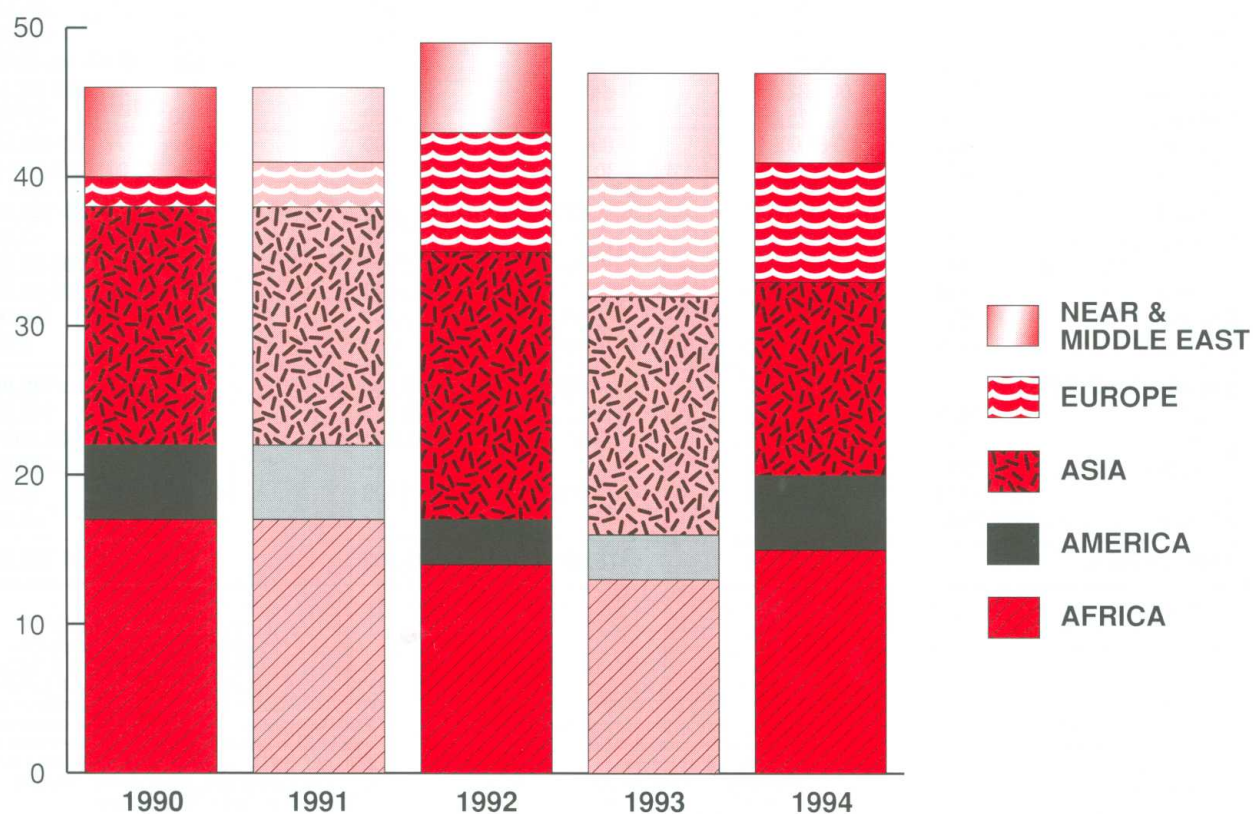
Sources: SIPRI Yearbook 1993 & 1994; Wallensteen, P. & Axell, K., Conflict Resolution and the End of the Cold War, 31 JPR 333-349 (1994); Jongman, A.J. & Schmid, A.P., Contemporary Armed Conflicts: A Global Inventory. PIGOM Newsletter, Vols 6, No. 1, p.17; Studiecentrum voor Vredesvraagstukken, Jaarboek Vrede en Veiligheid, Nijmegen, 1991 to 1993; L'Etat du Monde 1992 à 1995, Ed. La Découverte, Paris; The Economist; Reuter & United Press in Lloyd's Casualty Weeks.



This table gives the number of people killed in each conflict. The figures, however, are not precise, as crisis frequently leads to the complete breakdown of a state's civil administration. The table confirms the relative improvement of the situation in South and Central America and the rapid deterioration in Africa and Europe. Even though the figures should be assessed very carefully, on a global level the number of conflicts has increased alarmingly and the number of civilians affected by warfare is ever greater.

TABLE 17
Types of conflict by year and by region

Region	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
AFRICA	17	17	14	13	15
Inter-State Conflicts	1	0	0	0	0
Internal Conflicts	16	17	14	13	15
AMERICA	5	5	3	3	5
Inter-State Conflicts	0	0	0	0	0
Internal Conflicts	5	5	3	3	5
ASIA	16	16	18	16	13
Inter-State Conflicts	0	0	0	0	0
Internal Conflicts	16	16	18	16	13
EUROPE	2	3	8	8	8
Inter-State Conflicts	0	0	0	0	0
Internal Conflicts	2	3	8	8	8
NEAR & MIDDLE EAST	6	5	6	7	6
Inter-State Conflicts	1	1	0	0	0
Internal Conflicts	5	4	6	7	6
WORLD TOTAL	46	46	46	47	47
Inter-State Conflicts	2	1	0	0	0
Internal Conflicts	44	45	46	47	47



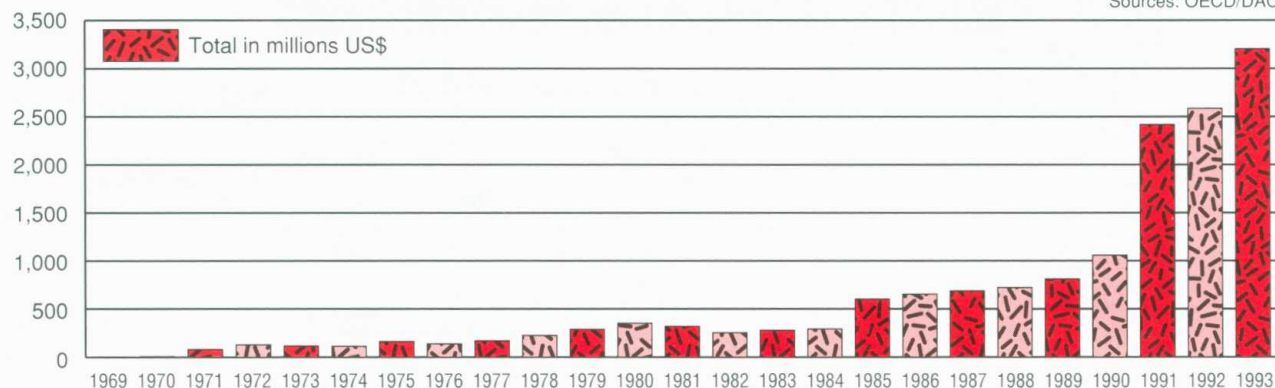
For the period in question, from 1990 to 1994, it can be seen that most conflicts are of an internal nature. International conflicts, with the exception of the Gulf War, have disappeared. (For the definitions of the two categories of conflict shown in this table, see the introductory text to this data section.)

TABLE 18
Value of humanitarian assistance

COUNTRIES	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973
Australia	0	0	1.63	0	0.13
Austria	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	0	0	0.4	0.22	3.12
Canada	0	0	4.17	20.24	4.94
Denmark	0	0	0.48	2.62	3.36
Finland	0	0	0	0.46	0.87
France	0	0	0	2.34	0
Germany	0	0	0	15.22	10.4
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	0	0	0	0	0
Japan	0	0	6.07	10.29	7.41
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	6.32	0.55	3.26
New Zealand	0	0	0	0.89	0.86
Norway	0	0	2.58	8.93	4.51
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	0	0	8.37	33.67	11.35
Switzerland	0	0	0	9.16	7.39
United Kingdom	3.38	6.94	9.12	11.52	2.63
United States	0	0	41	12	55
Total	3.38	6.94	80.14	128.11	115.23
COUNTRIES	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978
Australia	0.21	7.28	0.7	0.98	0.96
Austria	0	0.33	0.26	0.06	0.25
Belgium	0.78	1.8	1.39	3.06	4.46
Canada	0.51	1.5	1.66	3.8	3.9
Denmark	3.76	6.46	5.77	8.04	13.58
Finland	0.97	1.3	0.69	0.12	0.58
France	0	5.6	12.5	3.1	2.42
Germany	6.58	10.81	2.48	5.82	10.78
Ireland	0.12	0.13	0.24	0.18	0.56
Italy	0	0	0	0.2	0.12
Japan	5.54	0.68	0	2.86	6.72
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	12.19	10.04	11.19	7.61	14.37
New Zealand	0.68	0.86	0.15	0.16	0.22
Norway	9.3	9.84	7.07	11.09	11.77
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	6.5	5.03	8.95	20	22.63
Switzerland	10.53	8.71	9.02	9.54	10.49
United Kingdom	2.69	3.24	2.4	1.76	5.4
United States	53	87	74	89	116
Total	113.36	160.61	138.47	167.38	225.21
COUNTRIES	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Australia	4.86	7.81	4.07	8.68	9.12
Austria	0.85	1	0.62	2.07	0
Belgium	5.79	6.65	2.41	0.68	1.4
Canada	4.09	14.72	12.89	20.93	23.22
Denmark	12.53	16.22	9.95	15.76	16
Finland	1.72	2.54	3.25	4.55	3.48
France	0	0	23.13	0	0
Germany	35.24	30.22	16.13	16.23	17.75
Ireland	1.23	0.82	0.57	0.36	0.56
Italy	3.05	8.36	19.57	6.51	10.51

COUNTRIES	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
Japan	4.9	6.04	10.93	2.74	3.63
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	25.27	21.76	17.04	15.37	15.2
New Zealand	0.56	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.93
Norway	15.55	19.99	20.15	24.71	16.8
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	35.57	40.25	38	72.75	52.83
Switzerland	13.24	10.92	9.56	13.25	11.79
United Kingdom	3.8	5.74	2.45	3.37	3.95
United States	120	160	129	44	91
Total	288.25	353.23	319.97	252.83	278.17
COUNTRIES	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
Australia	10.59	8.81	5.9	17.31	7.94
Austria	2.19	3.36	3.03	5.92	14.07
Belgium	0.9	1.92	2.12	1.21	1.75
Canada	41.35	54.66	25.88	26.44	55.86
Denmark	12.83	0	0	0	0
Finland	2.49	5.03	9.81	26.21	19.74
France	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	19.57	18.01	22.44	28.16	35.82
Ireland	1.25	1.32	1.08	1.06	1.22
Italy	21.91	90.66	188.44	124.88	145.21
Japan	2.95	6.94	1.87	2.22	8.9
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0.4	1.5
Netherlands	22.66	22.92	25.37	28.96	33.99
New Zealand	0.19	0.91	0.2	1.24	0.61
Norway	11.5	21.03	22.44	20.37	41.74
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0
Sweden	57.5	78.9	99.34	133.29	110.28
Switzerland	15.81	19.14	25.9	64.53	40.87
United Kingdom	11.38	43.03	27.21	21.49	32.36
United States	58	225	193	183	170
Total	293.07	601.64	654.03	686.69	721.86
COUNTRIES	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Australia	6.78	12.23	13.23	29.56	26.56
Austria	22.68	43.96	93.87	145.83	123.45
Belgium	1.59	4.59	5.71	13.18	0
Canada	29.69	45.76	85.14	78.86	248.54
Denmark	0	108.27	52.83	104.85	77.14
Finland	31.96	70.54	102.24	61.55	21.61
France	0	0	0	25.88	125.08
Germany	30.68	45.21	415.31	680.32	549.52
Ireland	1.33	2.09	2.89	2.1	5.15
Italy	84.15	104.06	456.33	137.39	341.69
Japan	19.61	26.46	20.48	14.93	40.37
Luxembourg	2	3.8	10.3	7.21	8.49
Netherlands	24.4	63.58	109.74	197.45	303.29
New Zealand	0	3.85	1.51	5.12	4.96
Norway	50.38	88.62	77.6	86.48	113.21
Portugal	0	0	0.11	0.11	8.35
Spain	1.2	5	8.42	6.43	7.74
Sweden	214.5	124.49	181.65	342.56	277.28
Switzerland	46.49	46.75	67.78	68.61	66.85
United Kingdom	31.72	37.95	116.48	56.83	187.27
United States	210	221	596	521	669
Total	809.16	1,058.21	2,417.62	2,586.25	3,205.55

Sources: OECD/DAC



Uncovering the true value of humanitarian assistance is notoriously difficult. Some agencies include the value of food aid in their calculations, others do not. Some include core costs, others do not. The figures presented here represent cash disbursed by the member states of the OECD and do not include food-aid values or donations from the general public. While they may underestimate total aid flows into humanitarian operations, they give a good picture of long-term trends. Clearly spending on humanitarian needs has rapidly increased this decade.