



FIGURE 2 ▲

Rice terraces covered and crops ruined by ash fall: eruption of Galunggung, May 1982

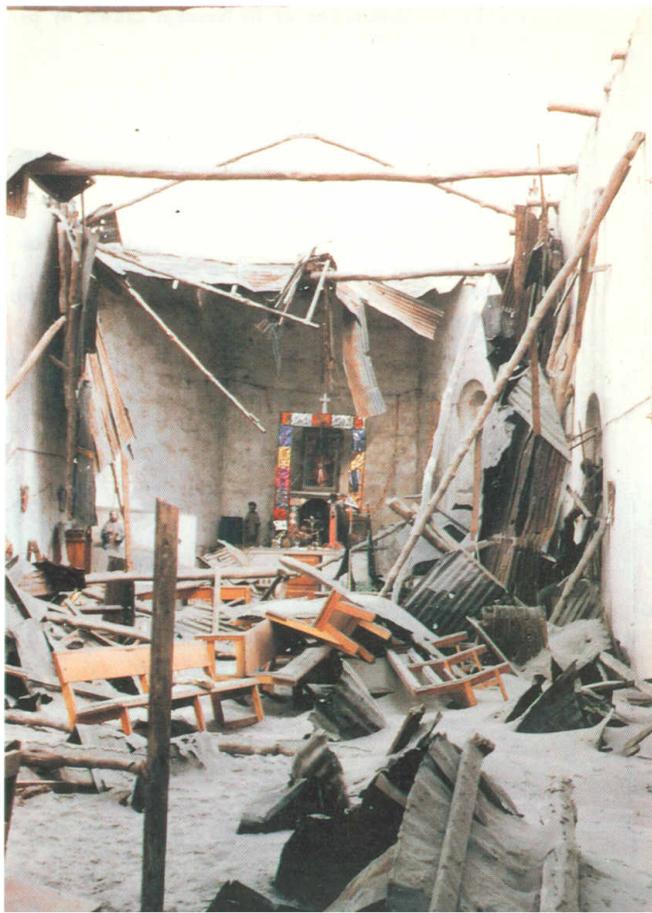


FIGURE 3 ►

Church roof at Nicapa destroyed by ash fall: El Chichón eruption, March-April 1982



FIGURE 4. Destruction of El Naranjo caused by pyroclastic flow: El Chichón eruption, March-April 1982

FIGURE 5. The ruins of St. Pierre: the glowing avalanche swept down from the crater to the city, a distance of 7 kilometres, in about one minute. The city was totally destroyed and its 28,000 inhabitants were baked by blowtorch temperatures, asphyxiated by scorching dust, and dismembered by flying debris





FIGURE 6. Mudflows destroyed and buried forests, houses, roads and bridges for more than 20 km down the main valleys descending from Mount St. Helens

FIGURE 7. Tree snapped and logging truck wrapped around it, testifying to the destructive power of mudflows caused by the 1980 eruption of Mount St. Helens

